| | | ALOK INTERNAT | TIONAL (MIDDLE EAS | T) FZE | | | |
|--|----------|------------------------------|---------------------------|---|---------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | BALANCE SHE | ET AS AT 31 MARCH 2 | 2017 | | | |
| PARTICULARS | NOTES | AS AT 31-Mar-17 Rupees | AS AT 31-Mar-17 AED | AS AT 31-Mar-16 Rupees | AS AT 31-Mar-16 AED | AS AT 31-Mar-15 Rupees | AS AT 31-Mar-15 AED |
| I ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| (1) Non-current assets | | | | | ļ | | |
| a) Property, Plant and Equipment | 3 | 1,390,121 | 112,763 | 1,774,570 | 133,820 | 2,150,615 | 154,93 |
| (2) Current assets | | | | | | | |
| a) Financial Assets | | 1 677 646 695 | 00.000 570 | 1 575 713 540 | 87,454,561 | 1,613,254,071 | 97,477,58 |
| i) Trade receivables | 4 | 1,672,046,605 | 90,669,570 856,148 | 1,575,712,549 25,360,980 | 1,407,575 | 19,028,916 | 1,149,78 |
| ii) Cash and bank balances | 5 6 | 15,788,280 23,199,918 | 1,258,055 | 22,667,006 | 1,258,055 | 217,109,727 | 13,118,41 |
| iii) Loans b) Other Current Assets | 7 | 38,285,981 | 2,076,122 | 37,161,102 | 2,062,500 | 39,161,023 | 2,366,22 |
| | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | | 1,750,710,905 | 94,972,658 | 1,662,676,207 | 92,316,511 | 1,890,704,352 | 114,266,94 |
| II EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| (1) Equity | 8 | 13.098.744 | 1,000,000 | 13,098,744 | 1,000,000 | 13,098,744 | 1,000,0 |
| a) Equity Share capital b) Other Equity | 9 | 39,993,350 | 1,916,393 | 34,951,171 | 1,702,176 | 26,147,969 | 1,396,3 |
| b) Other Equity | | 53,092,094 | 2,916,393 | 48,049,915 | 2,702,176 | 39,246,713 | 2,396,3 |
| (2) Non-current liabilities | 1 | | | | | | |
| a) Provisions | | | | | | | |
| Long-term provisions | 10 | 2,428,957 | 131,714 | 1,907,627 | 105,876 | 1,444,109 | 87,2 |
| (3) Current liabilities | | | | | | | |
| a) Financial Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| i) Short-term borrowings | 11 | 1,027,935,819 | 55,741,567 | 927,727,691 | 51,490,367 | - | - |
| ii) Trade payables | 12 | 22,971,786 | 1,245,684 | 22,786,970 | 1,264,713 | 25,657,681 | 1,550,3: |
| b) Other Current Liabilities | 13 | 641,958,295 | 34,811,280 | 660,504,317 | 36,659,044 | 1,822,741,921 | 110,135,4 |
| c) Short-term provisions | 14 | 2,323,954 | 126,020 | 1,699,687 | 94,335 | 1,613,928 | 97,5 |
| TOTAL | | 1,750,710,905 | 94,972,658 | 1,662,676,207 | 92,316,511 | 1,890,704,352 | 114,266,94 |
| II Notes forming part of the financial statements | 1 to 32 | | | | | | |
| | 1 10 32 | | | | | | |
| s per our report of even date | | | | - | | | |
| or Narendra Poddar & Co. hartered Accountants RN No. 106915W | | | | | For and on beha | IF OF CHE BOARD | |
| PNAR | | | | - united in the second s | Director | Director | Z |
| Narendra Poddar, Proprietor | <i>6</i> | | | J | | Enfector | |
| Membership No. 41256 | | | | | Marine, course of | | |

.

Mumbai, 9th May 2017

| | PARTICULARS | NOTES | For the year ended | 31-Mar-2017 | For the year ended 31-Mar-2016 | | |
|------------|--|-------|--------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------|--|
| | | | Rupees | AED | Rupees | AED | |
| | INCOME | | | | | | |
| I. | Revenue From Operations | 15 | 90,820,176 | 4,974,385 | 126,466,683 | 7,101,011 | |
| II. | Other Income | 16 | 248,307 | 13,601 | 120,400,000 | 7,101,011 | |
| *** | Scher meane | 10 | 240,007 | 13,001 | _ | | |
| 111. | Total (I+II) | | 91,068,483 | 4,987,986 | 126,466,683 | 7,101,011 | |
| IV. | EXPENSES | | | | | | |
| | Employee benefits expense | 17 | 8,554,629 | 468,552 | 9,054,062 | 508,379 | |
| | Finance cost | 18 | 71,477,365 | 3,914,944 | 36,977,697 | 2,076,271 | |
| | Depreciation expense | 3 | 384,449 | 21,057 | 376,045 | 21,115 | |
| | Other expenses | 19 | 6,740,990 | 369,216 | 74,612,960 | 4,189,461 | |
| | Other expenses | | 6// 10/554 | 505,210 | 71,012,500 | 1,205,102 | |
| | Total (IV) | | 87,157,433 | 4,773,769 | 121,020,764 | 6,795,226 | |
| v. | NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD BEFORE EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS (III - IV) | | 3,911,050 | 214,217 | 5,445,919 | 305,785 | |
| VI. | Less:- Adjustment for previous year | | | | | | |
| VII. | NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD | | 3,911,050 | 214,217 | 5,445,919 | 305,785 | |
| VIII. A | OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (1) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | | - | - | | - | |
| | (ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | | - | - | - | - | |
| В | (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss | | | | 2 257 202 | | |
| | - Net exchange Profit/Loss on translation | | 1,131,129 | - | 3,357,283 | - | |
| | (il) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss | | - | - | - | - | |
| 1Х. | TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD | | 5,042,179 | 214,217 | 8,803,202 | 305,785 | |
| x. | EARNINGS PER SHARE FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS Basic | | 3,911,050 | 214,217 | 5,445,919 | 305,785 | |
| | Diluted | | 3,911,050 | 214,217 | 5,445,919 | 305,785 | |

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

As per our report of even date

For Narendra Poddar & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN No. 106915W

٢ Narendra Poddar, Proprietor Membership No. 41256 MGA

Mumbai, 9th May 2017

For and on behalf of the Board



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

| PARTICULARS | Year ended 3 | 81-Mar-17 | Year ended 3: | L-Mar-16 |
|--|--------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|
| | Rupees | AED | Rupees | AED |
| A) CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Profit before tax | 5,042,179 | 214,217 | 8,803,202 | 305,78 |
| Adjustments for : | 5,612,275 | 211,217 | 0,003,202 | 505,70. |
| Unrealised exchange loss | (1,131,129) | _ | (3,357,283) | - |
| Depreciation | 384,449 | 21.057 | 376,045 | 21.11 |
| Finance costs | 71,477,365 | 3,914,944 | 36,977,697 | 2,076,27 |
| Interest income | - | - | - | - |
| Operating Profit before working capital changes | 75,772,864 | 4,150,218 | 42,799,661 | 2,403,17 |
| Adjustments for : | | | | |
| Increase in current liabilities & provisions | (46,622,803) | (2,553,615) | (68,522,808) | (3,847,50 |
| Increase in trade receivables | (58,698,252) | (3,215,009) | 178,506,821 | 10,023,020 |
| (Increase)/decrease in loans and advances | (248,705) | (13,622) | 216,638,329 | 12,164,08 |
| Net cash used in/ (generated) from operating activities (A) | (29,796,896) | (1,632,028) | 369,422,003 | 20,742,774 |
| B) CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Purchase of fixed assets | - | - | - | - |
| Fixed deposits (placed)/matured | - | | _ | - |
| Interest income received | - | - | - | - |
| Net cash used in investing activities (B) | | | - | |
| C) CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Proceeds from / (repayment) long term borrowings | 13,589,930 | 744,345 | (1,244,879,775) | (69,899,079 |
| Proceeds from / (repayment) Short term borrowings | 77,616,579 | 4,251,200 | 917,026,625 | 51,490,36 |
| Finance costs | (71,477,365) | (3,914,944) | (36,977,697) | (2,076,27 |
| Net cash generated from / (useed in) Financing activities (C) | 19,729,144 | 1,080,601 | (364,830,847) | (20,484,983 |
| Net Increase / (decrease) in Cash and Cash equivalents (A+B+C) | (10,067,752) | (551,427) | 4,591,156 | 257,791 |
| Cash and Cash equivalents at the beginning of the period | 25,360,980 | 1,407,575 | 19,028,916 | 1,149,784 |
| Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalent | 495,052 | - | 1,740,908 | - |
| Cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the period | 15,788,280 | 856,148 | 25,360,980 | 1,407,575 |

NOTE TO CASH FLOW STATEMENT

1 Cash and Cash equivalents included in the cash flow statement comprise the following balance sheet amounts:

| Particulars | Year ended 31 | -Mar-17 | Year ended 31-Mar-16 | | |
|--|---------------|---------|----------------------|-----------|--|
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Rupees | AED | Rupees | AED | |
| Cash and Cash equivalents as per Balance sheet | 15,788,280 | 856,148 | 25,360,980 | 1,407,575 | |
| Add: Effect of exchange rate change | - | - | - | | |
| Less: Earmarked deposits with bank | - | - | - | - | |
| Cash and Cash equivalents as restated at the end of period | 15,788,280 | 856,148 | 25,360,980 | 1,407,57! | |

2 The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Indian Accounting Standard (AS) 7 "Statement of Cash Flows".

3 Previous period's figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary.

As per our report of even date For Narendra Poddar & Co. For and on behalf of the Board Chartered Accountants FRN No. 106915W Director Director Narendra Poddar, Proprietor Membership No. 41256 SBJ Mumbai, 9th May 2017

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Alok International (Middle East) FZE was incorporated on 1st August 2011 as a Free Zone Establishment with limited liability pursuant to Law No. 2 of 1996 of H.H. Sheikh Maktoum Bin Rashid Al Maktoum, Ruler of Dubai and implementing regulations issued thereunder by the Dubai Airport Free Zone Authority and is a wholly owned subsidiary of Alok Industries Limited, a Company incorporated in India. The company is engaged in the business of providing marketing services and trading in home textile products, apparels fabrics, garments and polyester yarns.

NOTE 1 : SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Basis of preparation:

i) Compliance with Ind AS:

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended from time to time, hereinafter referred to as Ind AS.

For all periods up to and including the year ended 31 March 2016, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (Indian GAAP). These financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 are the first the Company has prepared in accordance with Ind AS.

These are the company's first financial statements prepared in accordance with Ind AS and Ind AS 101 - First-time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards' (Ind AS 101) has been applied. The transition has been carried out from Indian GAAP (IGAAP). An explanation of how the transition to Ind AS has affected the reported balance sheet, profit or loss and cash flows of the company is provided in note 1 (m).

ii) Historical cost convention:

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- a. certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value;
- assets held for sale measured at lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell;
- c. defined benefit plans plan assets measured at fair value;

iii) Translation to Indian Rupees:

The accounts are maintained in United Arab Emirate Dirham (AED) being currency of United Arab Emirates (UAE). Considering the operations of the company as integral to the holding company, the financial statements have been translated into Indian Rupees on the following basis-

- All income and expenses are translated at the average rate of exchange prevailing during the period.
- Monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate on the balance sheet date.
- Non-monetary assets and liabilities and share capital is translated at historical rates.
- The resulting exchange difference is accounted in Exchange difference on translation account and charged / credited to Statement of Profit and Loss.
- The aforesaid items as translated are considered for the purpose of cash flow statement

iv) Recent Pronouncements:

Standards issued but not yet effective:

In March 2017, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs issued the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendments) Rules, 2017, notifying amendments to Ind AS 7, 'Statement of Cash Flows' and Ind AS 102, 'Share-based Payment.' These amendments are in accordance with the recent amendments made by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) to IAS



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT'S FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

7, 'Statement of Cash Flows' and IFRS 2, 'Share-based Payment,' respectively. The amendments are applicable to the Company for accounting periods beginning on or after April 01, 2017.

Amendment to Ind AS 7:

The amendment to Ind AS 7 requires the entities to provide disclosures that enable users of Financial Statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes, suggesting inclusion of a reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the Balance Sheet for liabilities arising from financing activities, to meet the disclosure requirement.

The Company is evaluating the requirements of the amendment and the effect on the Financial Statements is being evaluated.

Amendment to Ind AS 102:

Company does not have any impact on the Financial Statements on account of this pronouncement.

b) Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/noncurrent classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities. The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents.

c) Revenue recognition:

i) Timing of recognition:

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when all the significant risks and rewards of ownership in the goods are transferred to the buyer as per the terms of the contract, there is no continuing managerial involvement with the goods, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the activities of the Company. This generally happens upon dispatch of the goods to customers, except for export sales which are recognised when significant risk and rewards are transferred to the buyer as per the terms of contract.

Eligible export incentives are recognised in the year in which the conditions precedent is met and there is no significant uncertainty about the collectability.

ii) Measurement of revenue:

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, after the deduction of any trade discounts, volume rebates and any taxes or duties collected on behalf of the Government which are levied on sales such as sales tax, value added tax, etc.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

Revenue includes excise duty as it is paid on production and is a liability of the manufacturer. Discounts given include rebates, price reductions and other incentives given to customers. The Company bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

The Company recognises provision for sales return, based on the historical results, measured on net basis of the margin of the sale

The volume discounts are assessed based on anticipated annual purchases.

<u>Rental Income</u>

The Company's policy for recognition of revenue from operating leases is described in Note 1 (e) below.

Interest Income

For all debt instruments measured at amortised cost, interest income is measured using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

Dividends

Revenue is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

d) Leases:

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

Company as a lessee:

A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the company is classified as a finance lease.

Finance leases are capitalised at the commencement of the lease at the inception date fair value of the leased asset or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease liability to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognised in finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

A leased asset is depreciated over the useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term, unless the payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the expected inflationary cost increase.

Company as a lessor:

Leases in which the company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

lease is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease unless the payments to the lessor are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases or another systematic basis is available. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Leases are classified as finance leases when substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership transfer from the company to the lessee. Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the company's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the lease.

e) Fair Value Measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as Derivatives, at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of the principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset of liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the company. The fair value of asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

External Valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets such as certain items or property, plant and equipment. For the purpose of fair value disclosure, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

f) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, demand deposits with bank and other short-term (three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

g) Offsetting financial instruments:

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

h) Borrowings:

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down.

Borrowings are removed from the Balance Sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss as other income | (expense). Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

i) Borrowing costs:

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

j) Provisions and contingent liabilities:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. These are reviewed at each year end and reflect the best current estimate. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of best estimate of the Management of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

k) Earnings per share:

Earnings per share (EPS) are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to Equity Shareholders by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the period. Earnings considered in ascertaining the EPS is the net profit for the period and any attributable tax thereto for the period. The treasury shares are not considered as outstanding equity shares for computing EPS.

I) Foreign Currency Transactions

Foreign Currency Transactions are recorded at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction.

Monetary items denominated in Foreign Currency are reported at the exchange rate prevailing on the balance sheet date. Exchange differences relating to long term monetary items are dealt with in the following manner:

- Exchange differences relating to long term monetary items, arising during the period, in so far as those relate to the acquisition of a depreciable capital asset are added to / deducted from the cost of the asset and depreciated over the balance life of the asset
- In other cases, such differences are accumulated in the "Foreign Currency Monetary Translation Difference Account" and amortised to the statement of profit and loss over the balance life of the long term monetary item.

All other exchange differences are dealt with in profit or loss.

m) First-time adoption of Ind AS

These financial statements, for the year ended 31 March 2017, are the first the Company has prepared in accordance with Ind AS. For period up to and including the year ended 31 March 2016, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with Accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (IGAAP).

Accordingly, the Company has prepared financial statements which comply with Ind AS applicable for periods ending on 31 March 2017, together with the comparative period data as at and for the year ended 31 March 2016, as described in the summary of significant accounting policies. In preparing these financial statements, the Company's opening Balance Sheet was prepared as at 1 April 2015, the Company's date of transition to Ind AS. This note explains the principal adjustments made by the Company in restating its IGAAP financial statements, including the Balance Sheet as at 1 April 2015 and the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 March 2016.

Exemptions applied:

i. Business Combination exemption

The Company has applied the exemption as provided in Ind AS 101 on nonapplication of Ind AS 103, "Business Combinations" to business combinations prior to April 1, 2015 (the Transition date"), pursuant to which goodwill/capital reserve arising from a business combination has been stated at the carrying amount prior to the date of transition under IGAAP. The Company has also applied the exemption for past combinations to acquisitions of investments in subsidiaries/associates/joint ventures consummated prior to the Transition Date.

ii. Share-based payment transactions

Ind AS 101 encourages, but does not require, first time adopters to apply Ind AS 102 Share based Payment to equity instruments that were vested before the date of transition to Ind AS. The Company has opted not to restate options vested before April 1, 2015.

iii. Fair Value as deemed cost exemption

The Company has elected to fair value property, plant and equipment recognised as at April 01, 2015 and considered the same as the deemed cost as per Ind AS.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

iv. Long Term Foreign Currency Monetary Items The Company continues the policy of capitalising exchange differences arising on

translation of long term finance currency monetary items.

v. **Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates** The Company has elected to measure investment in subsidiaries, joint venture and

associate at cost.

Exceptions applied:

i. De-recognition of financial assets and liabilities exception

Financial assets and liabilities derecognised before 1 April 2015 are not rerecognised under Ind AS. The Company has not chosen to apply the Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments de-recognition criteria to an earlier date. No significant were identified that has to be assessed under this exception.

ii. Impairment of financial asset

The Company has applied the impairment requirements of Ind AS retrospectively based on the facts and circumstances existing on transition date.



NOTE:2

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2017

| A) EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL | As At | As At 31 March 2017 | | As At 31 March 2016 | | |
|---|---------------|------------------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| | INR | AED | | | 01 April 20 | |
| Balance at the beginning of the reporting year | 13,098,744.00 | 1,000,000.00 | 13,098,744.00 | AED 1,000,000.00 | INR 13,098,744.00 | AED 1,000,000.00 |
| Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year | | - | - | - | - | - |
| Balance at the end of the reporting year | 13,098,744.00 | 1,000,000.00 | 13,098,744.00 | 1,000,000.00 | <u>13,098,744.00</u> | 1,000,000.00 |

.

| B) OTHER EQUITY | Foreign Currency Mo | onetary Item | Retained ea | arnings | Total Equity attributable to | Total Equity attributable to equity holders of the | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | INR | AED | INR | AËD | INR | AED | | |
| Balance as at 1st April, 2015 (A) | . . | • | 26,147,969.00 | 1,396,390.87 | 26,147,969.00 | 1,396,390.87 | | |
| Addition/Reduction during the Year | 3,357,283.00 | - | 5,445,919.33 | 305,785.37 | 8,803,202.33 | 305,785.37 | | |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2016 (B) | 3,357,283.00 | - | 31,593,888.33 | 1,702,176.24 | 34,951,171.33 | 1,702,176.24 | | |
| Addition/Reduction during the Year | 1,131,129.00 | - | 3,911,050.09 | 214,217.04 | 5,042,179.09 | 214,217.04 | | |
| Balance as of March 31, 2017 (C) | 4,488,412.00 | - | 35,504,938.43 | 1,916,393.28 | 39,993,350.43 | 1,916,393.28 | | |



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

3. PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

| SR. | DESCRIPTION OF ASSETS | | GROSS BLOCK | | | | DEPRECIATION / AMORTISATION | | | NET BLOCK | |
|-----|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| NO. | | AS AT 1-Apr-16 | ADDITIONS | DEDUCTIONS/ ADJUSTMENTS | AS AT 31-Mar-17 | AS AT 1-Apr-16 | FOR THE PERIOD | AS AT 31-Mar-17 | AS AT 31-Mar-17 | AS AT 31-Mar-16 | |
| | TANGIBLE ASSETS : | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Vehicles | 178,613 | - | - | 178,613 | 72,615 | 16,968 | 89,583 | 89,030 | 105,998 | |
| 2 | Office Equipments | 3,585 | - | - | 3,585 | 600 | 227 | 827 | 2,758 | 2,985 | |
| 3 | Furniture & Fixtures | 24,112 | - | - | 24,112 | 6,123 | 1,526 | 7,649 | 16,463 | 17,989 | |
| 4 | Computer and Peripherals | 14,408 | - | - | 14,408 | 7,560 | 2,336 | 9,895 | 4,513 | 6,848 | |
| | Total | 220,718 | | - | 220,718 | 86,898 | 21,057 | 107,955 | 112,763 | 133,820 | |
| | Previous period | 220,718 | | _ | 220,718 | 65,783 | 21,115 | 86,898 | 133,820 | 154,935 | |

| SR. | DESCRIPTION OF ASSETS | | GROS | S BLOCK | | DEPRECI | ATION / AMO | ORTISATION | | NET BLOCK |
|-----|--------------------------|-------------------|-----------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| NO. | | AS AT 1-Apr-16 | ADDITIONS | DEDUCTIONS/ ADJUSTMENTS | AS AT 31-Mar-17 | AS AT 1-Apr-16 | FOR THE PERIOD | AS AT 31-Mar-17 | AS AT 31-Mar-17 | AS AT 31-Mar-16 |
| | TANGIBLE ASSETS : | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Vehicles | 2,552,636 | - | - | 2,552,636 | 1,166,308 | 309,799 | 1,476,106 | 1,076,530 | 1,386,328 |
| 2 | Office Equipments | 56,431 | - | ~ | 56,431 | 10,069 | 4,143 | 14,212 | 42,219 | 46,362 |
| 3 | Furniture & Fixtures | 345,043 | - | - | 345,043 | 99,054 | 27,866 | 126,920 | 218,123 | 245,989 |
| 4 | Computer and Peripherals | 220,028 | - | - | 220,028 | 124,137 | 42,641 | 166,778 | 53,250 | 95,891 |
| | Total | 3,174,138 | - | | 3,174,138 | 1,399,568 | 384,449 | 1,784,017 | 1,390,121 | 1,774,570 |
| | Previous period | 3,174,138 | - | - | 3,174,138 | 1,023,523 | 376,045 | 1,399,568 | 1,774,570 | 2,150,615 |



| | | | NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017 | | | | | | | | |
|-------|---|--------------------|--|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| PARTI | CULARS | | AS AT 31-Mar-17 Rubees | AS AT 31-Mar-17 AED | AS AT 31-Mar-16 Rup <u>ees</u> | AS AT 31-Mar-16 AED | AS AT 31-Mar-15 Rupees | AS AT 31-Nar-15 AED | | | |
| 4. | TRADE RECEIVABLES (Unsecured | , considered good) | | | | | | | | | |
| | - Other debts Less: provision for doubtful debts | | 1.692.403.643 (20.357.038) | 91,773,465 (1,103,895) | 1,595.601.977 (19,889.428) | 88,558,456 (1,103,895) | 1,631.523.533 (18,269.462) | 98,581,482 {1,103,895} | | | |
| | | TOTAL | 1,672,046,605 | 90,669,570 | 1,575,712,549 | 87,454,561 | 1,613,254,071 | 97,477,587 | | | |
| 5, | CASH AND BANK BALANCES | | | | | | | | | | |
| A | Cash and Cash Equivalents Balances with Bank In Current account | | 15.788.280 | 856,148 | 25,360.980 | 1.407.575 | 19,028,916 | 1,149,784 | | | |
| | | TOTAL | 15,788,280 | 856,148 | 25,360,980 | 1,407,575 | 19,028,915 | 1,149,784 | | | |
| 6, | LOANS (Unsecured, considered good) Loans to related parties Security deposit | | 22.575.687 624,231 | 1,224,205 33,850 | 22,057.114 609,892 | 1.224,205 33.850 | 216,690.184 419,543 | 13,093,062 25,350 | | | |
| | | TOTAL | 23,199,918 | 1,258,055 | 22,667,006 | 1,258,055 | 217,109,727 | 13,118,412 | | | |
| 7. | OTHER CURRENT ASSETS Preoald extenses Advances to others | | 251.212 38.034.769 | 13,622 2,062.500 | 8 37.161.094 | 2.062,500 | 39,161,023 | 2,366.225 | | | |
| | | TOTAL | 38,285,981 | 2,076,122 | 37,161,102 | 2,062,500 | 39,161,023 | 2,366,225 | | | |



TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

EOUITY 8,

| | Authorised Shares | | | | | | |
|------------|---|---------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|------------|-----------|
| | 1 Equity Share of AED 1,000,000 each | 13,098,744 | 1,000,000 | 13.098.744 | 1,000,000 | 13,098,744 | 1,000,000 |
| | - - | 13,098,744 | 1,000,000 | 13,098,744 | 1,000,000 | 13,098,744 | 1,000,000 |
| | Issued, subscribed and fully Paid Up 1 Equity Share of AED 1.000.000 each | 13.098,744 | 1.000.000 | 13,098,744 | 1,000,000 | 13.098.744 | 1.000.000 |
| -1-4- | TOTAL | 13,098,744 | 1,000,000 | 13,098,744 | 1,000,000 | 13,098,744 | 1,000,000 |
| Note a) | :) The company has been incorporated as a wholly owned subsidiary of Alok | Industries Limited and th | ere has been no chang | e in the share capital sin | ice incorporation, | | |

b) Terms/rights attached to equity shares The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of AED 1,000,000 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. The shareholders are entitled for dividend in AED as and when recommended by the Board of Directors and approved by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the share holder.

| PAR | TICULARS | AS AT 31-Mar-17 Rudees | AS AT 31-Mar-17 AED | AS AT 31-Mar-16 Rupces | AS AT 31-Mar-16 AED | AS AT 31-Mar-15 Rupees | AS AT 31-Mar-15 AED |
|-----|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 9, | OTHER FOUITY | | | | | | |
| | Forelan Currency Transfation reserve Balance broucht forward from previous period Reserve generated during the period | 3.357.283 1.131.129 4,488,412 | | <u>3.357.283</u> 3.357.283 | | - | |
| | Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss Balance brought forward from previous period | 31,593,888 | 1,702,176 | 26,147,969 | 1,396,391 | 459,150,596 | 3,197,169 |
| | Profit for the period | 3.911.050 | 214.217 | 5,445,919 | 305.785 | (433.002.627) | (1,800,778) |
| | TOTAL | 39,993,350 | 1,916,393 | 34,951,171 | 1,702,176 | 26,147,969 | 1,396,391 |
| | Note: | | | | | | |
| 10, | LONG-TERM PROVISIONS | | | | | | |
| | Provision for emoloyee benefits | 2.428.957 | 131.714 | 1:907.627 | 105,876 | 1,444,109 | 87.257 |
| | TOTAL | 2,428,957 | 131,714 | 1,907,627 | 105,876 | 1,444,109 | 87,257 |
| 11. | SHORT TERM BORROWINGS | | | | | | |
| | Short term Loan from related parties | 1,027,935,819 | 55,741,567 | 927.727.691 | 51,490,367 | - | - |
| | TOTAL | 1,027,935,819 | 55,741,567 | 927,727,691 | 51,490,367 | | |
| 12. | TRADE PAYABLES | | | | | | |
| | Creditors for services | 22,971,786 | 1,245,684 | 22.786.970 | 1,254,713 | 25.657.681 | 1.550.313 |
| | TOTAL | 22,971,786 | 1,245,684 | 22,786,970 | 1,264,713 | 25,657,681 | 1,550,313 |
| 13. | OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| | Current maturities of long term borrowings (Refer note below) Advance from customers Pavable to staff | 384,409,638 257,486,736 61,921 | 20.845.266 13.962.656 3,358 | 362.168.341 272,625,819 | 20,100,921 15,131,158 | 1,489,500,000 331,065,042 | 90.000.000 20,003,930 |
| | Interest accrued but not due on borrowings Interest accrued and due borrowings | - | - | 2.369.905 23.340,252 | 131,534 1,295,421 | 2,176,879 | 131.534 |
| | TOTAL, | 641,958,295 | 34,811,280 | 660,504,317 | 36,659,044 | 1,822,741,921 | 110,135,464 |

Note: The Term Loan was repayable in Thirteen Monthly Instalments from October, 2016. The last instalment is payable in October 2017. Such loan is secured by corporate guarantee given by Alok Industries Umited, the holding company and pledge of equity shares held by it. The rate of interest is 8% p.a.

14. SHORT-TERM PROVISIONS

| Provision for employee benefits | 2.323.954 | 126,020 | 1,699,687 | 94.335 | 1,613,928 | 97.518 |
|---------------------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|
| TOTAL | 2,323,954 | 126,020 | 1,699,687 | 94,335 | 1,613,928 | 97,518 |



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

1

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| PAR' | TICULARS | | For the yea | r ended | For the yea | rended |
|------|--|---|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| | | | 31-Mar-17 Ruoces | 31-Mar-17 AED | 31-Mar-16 Rupees | 31-Mar-16 AED |
| - | | | | AEU | RUDEES | AEU |
| 5, | REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS | | | | | |
| | Sale of Traded goods | | | | | |
| | Sales | | 77.616.708 | 4,251,207 | 887.473.218 | 49,830,964 |
| | Less : Purchase of Traded goods from holding company | | (77.616.708) | (4,251,207) | (887.473.218) | (49,530.964 |
| | Sale of Services | | | | | |
| | Commission income from holding company | | 90,820,176 | 4.974.385 | 126,466,683 | 7.101,011 |
| | TOTAL | | 90,820,176 | 4,974,385 | 126,466,683 | 7,101,011 |
| 16. | OTHER INCOME | | | | | |
| | Exchange rate difference gain (net) | | 248,307 | 13,601 | - | |
| | TOTAL | | 248,307 | 13,601 | | - |
| | | | | | <u>%</u> | |
| 7. | | | | | | |
| | Salaries and Wages | | 7,437,915 | 407,388 | 8,595,945 | 482,650 |
| | Gratuity and compansated expenses Employee weifare expanses | | 1.116.714 | 61.164 | 447,075 11,042 | 25.10 620 |
| | TOTAL | | 8,554,629 | 468,552 | 9,054,062 | 508,379 |
| 8. | FINANCE COST | | | | | |
| | Interest expense | | | | | |
| | - Borrowing | | 71,477,365 | 3.914.944 | 27,759,401 | 1.558,670 |
| | - Bill Discounting Charges | | - | - | 5.089.595 | 285,777 |
| | Other Borrowing Cost | | - | - | 4,128,701 | 231.824 |
| | TOTAL | | 71,477,365 | 3,914,944 | 36,977,697 | 2,075,271 |
| 9. | OTHER EXPENSES | | | | | |
| | 01 | | | | | |
| | Rent Conveyance expenses | | 2,651,829 | 145.246 | 4,318,801 | 242.496 |
| | Legal and professional charges | | 207,895 2,185,768 | 11,387 119,718 | 325,596 | 18,282 |
| | Communication | | 316,918 | 119,718 | 46,734,111 365.705 | 2,624,088 20,534 |
| | Insurance | | 50.829 | 2,784 | 214,304 | 12.033 |
| | Sales commission | | + | - | 7.174.291 | 402.831 |
| | Fees rates and taxes | | 232.115 | 12.713 | 512.814 | 28,794 |
| | Exchange rate difference (net) | | | - | 130,696 | 7.336 |
| | Auditors Remuneration (including service tax) | | 100,417 | 5.500 | (678,679) | (38,107 |
| | Bank charges Miscellaneous Expenses | 4 | 811.034 184.185 | 44,422 10,086 | 15.125.400 389,921 | 849,280 21,894 |
| | TOTAL | | 6,740,990 | 369,215 | 74,612,960 | 4 100 401 |
| | ISTAL. | | B1740,950 | 203'519 | 74,012,900 | 4,189,461 |



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

20. RELATED PARTIES DISCLOSURES

I

II

As per Accounting Standard AS (AS) 18 "Related Party Disclosures", Company's related parties disclosed as below:

Names of related party and nature of relationship Alok industries Umited Holding Company Alok International Inc. Pellow Subsidiary Transactions with Related parties

| Transactions with Related parties Particulars of transaction / balance | With holding | Company | With fellow subsidiary | | |
|--|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------|--|
| Particulars of Gansaction / Galarice | In Rupees | In AED | In Rupees | In AED | |
| | All Mujeca | All ALL | All Ropees | | |
| Equity Share Capital | | | | | |
| Alok Industries Limited | | | | | |
| Balance as at 1-Apr-2015 | 13,098,744 | 1,000,000 | - | - | |
| | (13,098,744) | (1,000,000) | (-) | (-) | |
| Received during the year | 1 | | - | - | |
| | (-) | (-) | (-) | (-) | |
| | (1 | 4 848 868 | | | |
| Balance as at 31-Mar-2016 | 13,098,744 | 1,000,000 | - | -,, | |
| | (13,098,744) | {1,000,000} | (-) | (-) | |
| Sundry Creditors | 1 | | | | |
| Alok Industries Limited | | | | | |
| Balance as at 31-Dec-2016 | 812,412,493 | 44,054,448 | - | - | |
| | (-) | (-) | <u></u> (-) | (-) | |
| | | | | | |
| Short Term Borrowings | | | | | |
| Alok Industries International Limited | | | | | |
| Balance as at 1-Apr-2016 | | | - | - | |
| | | | (-) | (-) | |
| Received during the year | | | 174,030,851 | 9,437,119 | |
| | | | (-) | (-) | |
| Balance as at 31-Dec-2016 | | | 174,030,851 | 9,437,119 | |
| • | | | (-) | (-) | |
| and any company to the | | | | | |
| Alok Singapore Pte Limited Balance as at 1-Apr-2016 | | | | | |
| Balance as at 1-Apr-2016 | | | آبا | | |
| Received during the year | | | 41,492,475 | 2,250,000 | |
| Received burning the year | | | (-) | 2,230,000 | |
| Balance as at 31-Dec-2016 | | | 41,492,475 | 2,250,000 | |
| | | | (-) | (-) | |
| Trade Receivable | | | | | |
| Alok Industries Limited | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Balance as at 31-dec-2016 | 1,472,502,692 | 79,848,962 | | | |
| | {1,194,630,597} | (72,183,118) | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Short Term Loans & Advances | | 1 | | | |
| Alok International Inc. | | | 10.010 571 | 1.016.110 | |
| Balance as at 1-Apr-2016 | | (-) | 16,816,674 (-) | 1,015,113 | |
| Given during the year | (-) | (-) | 3,837,445 | (-) 208,092 | |
| Given build the year | 6 | (-) | (16,816,674) | (1,016,113) | |
| Exchange Rate Difference (FCTR) | | | 1,921,568 | (1,010,115, | |
| | (-) | (-) | (-) | (-) | |
| Balance as at 31-dec-2016 | 21 | | 22,575,687 | 1,224,205 | |
| | (-) | (-) | (16,816,674) | (1,016,113) | |
| Alok Industries Limited | | | | | |
| Balance as at 1-Apr-2016 | - | | - | - | |
| | - | - 1 | (-) | (-) | |
| Paid during the year | - | - 1 | - | - | |
| | - | - | (-) | (-) | |
| Exchange Rate Difference (FCTR) | - | | • | • | |
| | - | (-) | (-) | (-) | |
| Balance as at 31-Mar-2016 | - | - | <i>.</i> | | |
| | | - | (-) | (-) | |
| Purchase of Traded goods | 77,616,708 | 4,251,207 | | - | |
| | (867,473,229) | 4,251,207 (49,830,964) | (-) | (-) | |
| | (007,473,229) | (45,050,504) | (-) | (-) | |
| | 90,820,176 | 4,974,385 | | - | |
| Commission income | | | | | |
| Commission income | (126,466,694) | (7,101,011) | (-) | (-) | |

Note: Previous period figures are given in brackets.

21. Service charges represent income received/accrued towards reimbursement of marketing and other expenses with a mark up of 4.5%, incurred for Alok Industries Limited, the holding Company, in terms of the marketing services agreement.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

22. EARNINGS PER SHARE

| | Year ended | 31 Mar 2017 | Year ended | 31 Mar 2016 |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Particulars | Amount (INR) | Amount (AED) | Amount (INR) | Amount (AED) |
| Net profit for the period | 5,042,179 | 214.217 | 8.803.202 | 305,785 |
| Weighted average number of equity shares | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Nominal Value of equity share | N.A. | 1.000.000 | • N.A. | 1,000,000 |
| Basic and Diluted Earning per share | 5,042,179 | 214.217 | 8.803.202 | 305,785 |

23 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, equity includes issued equity capital, convertible preference shares, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value. The Company's Capital Management objectives are to maintain equity including all reserves to protect economic vability and to finance any growth opportunities that may be available in future so as to maximize attribute. The Company is monitoring capital using dobt equity ratio as its bars which is debt to equity. The company's policy is to keep debt equity ratio below three and infuse capital if and when required through issue of new shares and/or better operational results and efficient working capital management.

In order to achieve the aforesaid objectives, the Company has not sanctioned any major capex on new expansion projects in last two to three years. However, modernization, upgradation and marginal expansions have been continued to remain competitive and improve product quality through efficient machinery. There is constant endeavour to reduce debt as much as feasible and practical by improving operational and working capital management.

| Particular | | M-LE INR | lar-1.7 AED | 31-M | ar~16 AFD | 1-A _E | AFD . |
|------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|------------|-------------------------|------------------|-----------|
| Debt (A) Equity (B) | | 1,027,935,819 53,092,094 | 55,741,567 2,916,393 | 48,049,915 | 51,490.367 2,702,176 | 39,246,713 | 2,395,391 |
| Debt / Equ | Ity Ratio (A / B) | 19.36 | 19.11 | 19.31 | 19.06 | - | - |

24 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

The Company's principal financial liabilities, other than derivatives, comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The Company's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations. The Company also holds FVTOCI investments and enters into derivative transactions.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The Company's senior management provides assurance that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the company's policies and risk abjectives. All derivative activities for risk management purposes are carried out by teams that have the appropriate skills, experience and supervision. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below.

Credit Risk:

Credit risk is the risk that counter party will not meet it obligation under a financial instrument or customer contract leading to a financial loss. The Company expose to credit risk mainly from trade receivables and other financial assets.

B Market Risk:

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises of three types of risks – interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk in a fluctuating market environment. Financial instrument affected by market risks includes loans and borrowings, deposits, FVTOCI Investments, derivatives and other financial assets.

i) Currency Risk

This is the risk that the Company may suffer losses as a result of adverse exchange rate movement during the relevant period. As a policy, Company is covering all foreign exchange risk on account of import and loans so that Company may not be put to any loss situation due to adverse fluctuations in currency rates. There is periodical review of foreign exchange transactions and hedging by the Company's executives.

Foreign Currency Sensitivity

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD and EUR exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Company's profit before tax is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities including non-designated foreign currency derivatives. The Company's exposure to foreign currency changes for all other currencies is not material.

| Particulars | Currency | Change in rate (upward) | Effect on profit before tax | Change in rate (downward) | Effect on profit before tax |
|-------------|-------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 31-Mar-17 | Euro USD | 0.05 0.05 | | -0.05 -0.05 | -0.20 -0.19 |
| 31-Mar-16 | Euro USD | 0.05 0.05 | | -6.05 -6.05 | -0.21 -0.1B |

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk because the exposure at the end of the reporting period does not reflect the exposure during the year.

il) Interest rate risk

The Company does not bear any interest rate risk as the company does not have any interest bearing loans.

iii) Equity Price Risk

The Company is exposed to equity price risks arising from equity investments. Equity investments are held for strategic rather than trading purposes. The Company does not actively trade these investments. Profit for the year ended 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016 would have been unaffected as the equity investments are FVTOCI and no investments were disposed of or impaired.

F) Liquidity risk management

The Company manages liquidity risk by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows on daily, monthly and yearly basis. The Company ensures that there is a free credit limit available at the start of the year which is sufficient for repayments getting due in the ensuing year. Loan arrangements, credit limits with various banks including working capital and monitoring of operational and working capital issues are always kept in mind for better liquidity management.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

II) Maturities of financial Rabilities

The following tables detail the Company's remaining contractual insturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The amount disclosed in the tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curves at the end of the reporting prior. The contractual maturity is based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curves at the end of the reporting prior. The contractual maturity is based on the earliest date on which the Company may be required to pay.

| 31-Mar-17 | Cuttency | On Demand | Less Than 1 Year | 1-2 Years | 2-3 Years | 3-4 Years | Beyond 4 Years | Total |
|--|------------|------------------------------|------------------|------------|------------|-----------|----------------|------------------------------------|
| (a) Non Derivative financial Instruments Short term borrowinos | AED INR | 55.741.567 1,027,935,819 | | | | | | 55,741,567.00 1.027.935.819.00 |
| Trade payables Trade payables - other than micro and small ent. | AED INR | 1,245,684 22.971.786 | | | | | | 1.245.684.00 22.971.786.00 |
| Other current liabilities | AED INR | 34,811,280 641.958.295 | | | | | | 34.811,280.00 641.958.295.00 |
| (b) Derivative Anancial Instruments Foreign exchange forward contracts | | | | | | | | |
| 31-Har-16 | Currency | On Demand | Less Than 1 Year | 1-2 Years | 2-3 Years | 3-4 Years | Beyond 4 Years | Total |
| | | | | A-A (1991) | A S real a | | 2010001110013 | |
| (a) Non Derivative financial Instruments Short term borrowings | AED | 51.490.367 927.727.691 | | | | | | 51.490.367.00 927,727,691,00 |
| Trade payables Trade payables - other than micro and small ent. | AED INR | 1,264,713 22,786,970 | | | | | | 1,264,713,00 22,786.970.00 |
| Other current liabilities | AED INR | 36,659,044 660,504,317 | | | | | | 36,659,044.00 660.504.317.00 |
| (b) Derivative financial instruments Foreign exchange forward contracts | | | | | | | | |
| 31-Mar-15 | Gurrency | On Demand | Less Than 1 Year | 1-2 Years | 2-3 Years | 3-4 Years | Beyond 4 Years | Total |
| (a) Non Derivative financiai instruments Short term borrowinos | AED INR | - | | | | | | - |
| Trade payables Trade payables - other than micro and small ent. | AED INR | 1.550.313 25,657,681 | | | | | | 1.550.313.00 25,657,681,00 |
| Other current liabilities | AED INR | 110.135.464 1.822.741,921 | | | | | | 110.135.464.00 1,822,741,921.00 |
| (b) Derivative finandal instruments Foreion exchance forward contracts | | | | | | | | |

iii) Financing arrangements

The Company does not have any financing arrangements.

iv) Haturities of financial assets

The following table details the Company's expected maturity for its non-derivative financial assets. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial assets including interest that will be earned on those assets. The inclusion of information on non-derivative financial assets is necessary in order to understand the Company's liquidity risk management as the figuidity is managed on a net asset and liability basis.

| Currency | On Demand | Less Than 1 Year | 1-2 Years | 2-3 Years | 3-4 Years | Beyond 4 Years | Total |
|----------|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| AED | 2.076.122 | | | | | | 2,076,123 |
| INR | 38,285,981 | | | | | | 38,265,981 |
| AED | 90,669,570 | | | | | + | 90,669,570 |
| INR | 1.672.046.605 | | | | | | 1,672,046,60 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Currency | On Demand | Less Than 1 Year | 1-2 Years | 2-3 Years | 3-4 Years | Beyond 4 Years | Total |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| AED | 2,062,500 37,161.102 | | | | | | 2,062,500 37,161,102 |
| AED | 87 454 561 | | | | | | 87,454.561 |
| INR | 1.575.712.549 | | | | | | 1,575,712,549 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Chrrency | On Demand | Less than 1 Year | 1-2 Years | 2-3 Years | 3-4 Years | Beyond 4 Years | Total |
| | | | | | | | |
| AED | 2,366,225 | | | | | | 2,366,225 |
| INR | 39,161,023 | | | | | | 39.161.02 |
| AED | 97,477,587 | | | | | | 97,477,587 |
| INK | 1,613,254,071 | | | | | | 1.613,254.071 |
| 1 | 1 | | | | | 1 1 | |
| | AED URR DRR AED INR AED INR AED INR AED INR AED INR | AED 2,076,122 INR 38,285,991 AED 90,669,570 INR 1,672,046,605 Currency On Demand AED 2,062,500 INR 37,161,102 AED 9,7454,561 INR 1,575,712,549 Currency On Demand AED 2,366,225 INR 39,161,023 AED 2,366,215 INR 39,161,023 AED 97,477,587 | AED 2,076,122 INR 38,285,991 AED 90,669,570 INR 1.672,046,605 INR 2,062,500 INR 37,161,102 AED 2,062,500 INR 1,575,712,549 Currency On Demand Less Than 1 Year AED 1,575,712,549 INR 1,575,712,549 AED 2,366,225 INR 39,161,023 AED 97,477,587 | AED 2,075,122 Jag.285,991 AED 90,669,570 INR AED 90,669,570 INR AED 1.672,046,605 INR AED 2,062,500 INR AED 2,062,500 INR AED 2,062,500 INR INR 1.575,712,549 INR E Currency On Demand Less Than 1 Year INR 1.575,712,549 INR I-2 Years AED 2,366,225 INR INR AED 2,366,225 INR INR AED 97,477,587 INR INR | AED 2.076,122 39,265,991 AED 90,665,570 Image: State of the state | AED 2,076,122 38,285,991 AED 90,669,570 Influence Influence 2-3 Years 3-4 Years AED 2,062,500 Influence Influence | AED 2.076,122 3.45,981 AED 90,669,570 Inf Second 4 Years AED 90,669,570 1.672,046,605 1.672,046,60 |



25. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

ALOK INTERNATIONAL (NIDDLE EAST) FZE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

Set out below, is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Company's financial instruments that are recognised in the financial statements.

| Sr. No. | Particulars | Currency | Station and the second state | Carrying value | | | Patr value | West Street Westernet Street |
|---------|---------------------------|----------|------------------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|------------------------------|
| | | - | 31-Mar-17 | 31-Mar+16 | 1-Apr-15 | 31-Mar-17 | 31-Har-16 | 1-Apr-15 |
| | Financial Asset | | | | | | | |
| (a) | Carried at amortised cost | | | | | | | |
| (I) | Loans to related parties | AED | 1,258,055 | 1,258,055 | 13,118,412 | • | 1,258,055 | 13,118,412 |
| | | INR | 23,199,918 | 22,667,006 | 217,109,727 | 23,199,918 | 22,567,006 | 217,109,727 |
| (111) | Cash and cash equivalent | AED | 856,148 | 1,407,575 | 1,149,784 | 856,148 | 1,407,575 | 1,149,764 |
| | | INR | 15,788,280 | 25,350,980 | 19,028,916 | 15,788,280 | 25,360,980 | 19,028,916 |
| | Financial Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| (a) | Carried at amortised cost | | | | | | | |
| (1) | Borrowings | AED | 55,741,567 | 51,490,367 | - | 55,741,567 | 51,490,367 | - |
| | | INR | 1,027,935,819 | 927,727,691 | - | 1,027,935,819 | 927,727,691 | • |
| (ii) | Trade payable | AED | 1,245,684 | 1,264,713 | 1,550,313 | 1,245,684 | 1,264,713 | 1,550,313 |
| | | 1NR | 22,971,786 | 22,786,970 | 25,657,681 | 22,971,786 | 22,786,970 | 25,657,681 |
| (#8) | Other payables | AED | 34,811,280 | 36.659.044 | 110,135,464 | 34,811,250 | 36,659,044 | 110,135,464 |
| | | INR | 641,958,295 | 660,504,317 | 1,822,741,921 | 641,958,295 | 660,504,317 | 1,822,741,921 |

The Company maintains policies and procedures to value financial assets or financial liabilities using the best and most relevant data available. In addition, the Company internally reviews valuations, including independent price validation for certain instruments. Further, in other instances, Company relains independent pricing vendors to assist in corroborating the valuations of certain instruments.

The fair value of the financial assets and Babilities are included at the amount at which the instrument that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer Bability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

i) Fair value of security deposits have been estimated using a DCF model. The valuation requires management to make certain assumptions about interest rates, maturity period, credit risk, forecasted cash flows.

ii) Long-term fixed-rate and variable-rate receivables/borrowings are evaluated by the company based on parameters such as interest rates, individual creditworthiness of the customer and the risk characteristics of the financed project. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken into account for the expected credit losses of these receivables. As of reporting date the carrying amounts of such receivables, net of allowances are not materially different from their carculated fair values.

iii) Carrying value of loans from banks, other noncurrent borrowings and other financial liabilities is estimated by discounting future cash flows using rates currently available for debt on similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. The own non-performance risk as at reporting date was assessed to be insignificant.

Fair value hierarchy

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of Company's assets and itabilities grouped into Level 1 to Level 3 as described in significant accounting policies - Note 2. Further table describes the valuation techniques used, key inputs to valuations and quantitative information about significant unobservable inputs for fair value measurements.

Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at 31 March 2017:

| Sr. No. | Particulars | Currency | F | Valuation technique used | Inputs used | | |
|------------|--|------------|---------|-----------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| | | | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | 1 | |
| (2) | Assets and liabilities for which fair values are disclosed Financial assets measured at amortised cost | | | | | | |
| | Loans to related parties | AED | - | 1,258,055 | | Discounted cash flows | discount rate, |
| | | INR | | 23.199.918 | | | maturity |
| (b) (l) | Financial Hability measured at amortised cost Borrowings | AED | | 55,741,567 | | Discounted cash flows | discount rate, |
| | | INR | - | 1,027,935,819 | | | maturity |
| (ii) | Other payables | aed Inr | | 34.811.280 641,958,295 | | | |

Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at 31 March 2016;

| Sr. No. | Particulars | Corrency | Fa | iir Value Measurement | | Valuation technique used | Inputs used |
|------------|--|------------|---------|---------------------------|---------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | | Level 1 | Level Z | Level 3 | | |
| (a) (i) | Assets and Ilabilities for which fair values are disclosed Financial assets measured at amortised cost Loans to related parties | AED | • | 1,258,055 | | Discounted cash flows | |
| | | INR | | 22.667,006 | | | discount rate, maturity |
| (b) (i) | Financial liablity measured at amortised cost Borrowings | AED | - | 51,490,367 | | | discount rate, |
| | | INR | | 927,727,691 | | | maturity |
| (#) | Other gayables | AED INR | - | 36,659,044 660,504,317 | • | | |

Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at 31 March 2015:

| r. No. | Particulars | Currency | F | air Value Measurement | | Valuation technique used | Inputs used | |
|--------|---|---------------|-------------|-----------------------|----------|-----------------------------|----------------|--|
| | | | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | | | |
| | Assets and ilabilities for which fair values are disclosed | | | | | | | |
| (a) | Financial assets measured at amortised cost | | • | | | | | |
| (1) | Loans to related parties | AED | | 13,118,412 | | Discounted cash flow: | discount rate, | |
| | | INR - 217,105 | 217.109.727 | - | maturity | | | |
| (b) | Financial liability measured at amortised cost | | | | | | ļ . | |
| (1) | Borrowings | AED | - | - | • | | discount rate, | |
| | | INR | | - | | | maturity | |
| (#) | Other payables | AED | - | 110,135,464 | - | | | |
| | | INR | | 1.822.741.921 | • | | | |



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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017 During the year ended 31 March 2017, 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2015 there were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 fair value measurements and no transfers into and out of level 3 fair value measurement

The management assessed that cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables, cash credit and all other current financial assets and liabilities approximates their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- Receivables are evaluated by the company based on parameters such as interest rates and individual credit worthiness of the customer. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken into account for the expected credit losses of these receivables.
- The fair value of loans from banks and other financial liabilities, security deposit, as well as other financial liabilities is estimated by discounting future cash flows using rates currently available for debt on similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities.
- The fair values of the unquoted equity instruments have been estimated using a net adjusted fair value method. The valuation requires management to make certain assumptions about the assets, liabilities, investments
 of Investee Company. The probabilities of the various assumptions can be reasonably assessed and are used in management's estimate of fair value for these unquoted equity investments based on the best information
- The fair values of quoted equity instruments are derived from quoted market prices in active markets.
- · The Company enters into foreign exchange forward contracts are valued using valuation techniques, which employs the use of market observable inputs.
- The fair value of floating rate borrowings are determined by using DCF method using discount rate that reflects the issuer's borrowing rate at the end of the reporting period. The own non-performance risk as at 31 March 2017 was assessed to be insignificant

FOREIGN CURRENCY EXPOSURE 26.

The period and foreign currency exposure that has not been hedged by derivative instruments or otherwise are as under: -

| Particulars | Currency | Foreign Currency (FC) | Amount (FC) | Amount (INR) | Amount (AED) |
|--|----------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Other current liabilities (current maturities of long term loans) | -43 | USD USD | 5,558,738 (24,000,000) | ∞ 384,409,638 (1,489,500,000) | 20,845,266 (90,000,000) |
| Bank balances | USD | USD USD | 142,219 (192,407) | 8,580,404 (11,941,261) | 465.287 (721,526) |
| Bank balances | EURO | EURO EURO | 19,838 (19,906) | 1,470,543 (1,323,964) | 79,743 (79,998) |

27. EARNINGS IN FOREIGN CURRENCY

| Particulars | Amount (INR) | Amount (AED) |
|--|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Export of goods calculated on F.O.B. basis | 77,616,708 (2,870,653,902) | 4,251,207 (175,016,232) |

28.

EXPENDITURE FOREIGN CURRENCY All transactions reflected in these financial statements are in foreign currency i.e. other than indian rupees.

In the present financial statements, the financial instruments which are getting eliminated in consolidated financial statements are not valued at fair value as per Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS). Also, the Corporate Guarantee Issued by the Parent Company Le. Alok Industries Limited in not valued at fair value as it would be eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. 29

30. This Company is a Foreign Company and Subsidiary of an Indian Company and there was no dealing in Indian Currency. Hence Rule 11D of the Companies (Audit & Auditors) Amendment Rules 2017 is not applicable.

Statement of Accounts for the year ended on 31-March-2016 were not audited by us. We have relied on the financial statements audited by the previous auditor. 31.

The information contained in the financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2017, disclosed in AED is extracted from the books of accounts locally maintained and converted into Indian Rupees as disclosed under basis of preparation stated above. The amounts in Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss and cash flow statement are rounded off to the nearest Rupee / AED. Previous period's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current period's classification / disclosure. 32.

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Signatures to Notes 1 to 32 PODO As per our report of even date For Narendra Poddar & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN No. 106915W AC ----mbai, 9th May 2017

(Director)

For and on behalf of the Board